



2024 Plant Sale List

Annual Fruit: Ground Cherry Delicious tropical taste in an attractive paper wrapper. This variety is from seed that is being selected for tall growth. Ground cherries are very sweet and taste a bit like pineapples. Can be used in preserves, pies, or eaten raw. The fruit from these prolific plants can be stored for 3-4 weeks after harvesting. Start indoors like peppers. Matures in 60-65 days after transplanting. Can direct seed in the garden with a later harvest.

Planting Instructions: Direct seed early in spring, cover lightly or start indoors 6-8 weeks before last frost. Care similar to tomato. Transplant spacing: 12".

Harvest: berries form inside a paper like husk and are ripe when they fall; plant produces until frost.

Broccoli, Imperial (Hybrid): Large blue green heads

Planting Instructions: Space plants 12-18 "apart, water well

Harvest the main head while it is tight, once is starts to spread it won't get bigger. After the main head is cut, broccoli often produces smaller side shoots which can be harvested.

Cauliflower, Early Snowball, English variety, very early.

Planting Instructions: Best started 6-8 weeks before last frost and transplanted mid spring. Space plants 12"-18 "apart in garden. Once head starts to form, tie or break the outer leaves over the head to protect it from the sun, and produce a white head.

Harvest Cut head with a knife once formed, don't wait too long as the tight head will open up and go to seed.

Cucumber, Long Fellow Heritage variety, productive, uniform large fruits

Cucumber, National Pickling productive short pickling cucumbers, if left to ripen further a good slicer.

Cucumber, Parade Russian heritage, does well in cool conditions, bush type plant

Planting Instructions: Direct seed mid to late May or use starter plants. Cucumbers need lots of room to spread or use a trellis or cage to grow them up off the ground. Plants should be 1 foot apart if using trellis. **Harvest** regularly as they get to desired size.

NOTE: Cucumber beetles are a problem so protect your young plants by covering with fine netting to prevent the beetles reaching the young plants. Later in the season squash beetles can be a problem. Monitor plants and remove any leaves invested with bugs, eggs, or larva.

Eggplant, Nord small lilac purple eggplant, very early

Eggplant, Stellar Long Purple long thin purple eggplant, very early

Planting Instructions: Best started indoor in early March (6-8 weeks before last frost). Transplant outside mid to late May. Space transplants 12 inches apart, don't need support.

Harvest: harvest as fruits ripen and develop their purple coloring.

Flower, Calendula (edible flower) Colorful yellow/ orange daisy like flower, blooms from June to early autumn, wide medicinal and culinary uses.

Flower, Sunflower Tall sunflower with one or several large flower heads, from Hayes Farm, regular seeded (eating or birds)

Flower, Marigold Garden marigolds of various colors, good to keep bad bugs away from the garden.

Flower, Nasturtium Hayes Farm seed, various colors, excellent for companion planting

Herb, Parsley (curly variety)

Herb, Basil, Dolly typical basil flavor: rich, spicy and mildly peppery Frost sensitive so don't plant outside until all danger of frost has passed.

Kale, Groninger Blue Leaf Cabbage: heirloom from Holland, hardy, unruffled leaves

Kale, Red Russian: Red stems, grey green lobed leaves.

Kale, Westlandse: Dutch variety, curled green leaves.

Kale is hardy and taste improves with frost in Fall.

Planting Instructions: Best started 6-8 weeks before last frost and transplanted mid spring. Space plants 12" apart in garden.

Harvest by picking outer lower leaves, snap off leaf with its stem near the main stalk of the plant.

Lettuce, **Susanna**: Heat resistant butterhead (loose heading type)

Lettuce, Blush: Oak leaf lettuce with a blush of color

Lettuce is a sun-loving cool weather crop. Sow as soon as the soil can be worked in the spring, then every two weeks thereafter to ensure a continuous supply. Frost tolerant in the fall.

Planting Instructions: Direct seed early in spring, or late summer, or start indoors. Space leaf type plants 4-6"apart, heading types 8-12 inches apart.

Harvest by picking outer leaves of leaf type or alternately cut off head. Roots may grow again. Bolts easily when it gets hot, plant a few plants every 2-3 weeks for continuous crop, grows well into the fall.

Okra, Jambalaya Hybrid Developed for Canada's short season, 4 " fruit.

Planting Instructions: Best started indoor in early March (6-8 weeks before last frost). Transplant outside mid to late May. Space transplants 12 inches apart, don't need support.

Harvest: harvest as fruits ripen, harvest frequently as over ripe okra can be stringy.

Onion, Patterson good long term storage onion, golden brown skin when dry.

Onion, Tannat red storage onion with a dark red skin when dry.

Onion, Sets (Yellow onion) Push each tiny onion root end down into the soil, keep the top tip at soil level, **Planting Instructions:** for green bunching onions plant close together, 1-2 inches apart, for full size storage onions plant 4 inches apart.

Harvest as needed, in the fall once tops start to fall over, harvest and allow to dry in the sun for a few days, then bring inside to fully dry before trimming tops and roots for storage.

Pepper, California Wonder bell-shaped sweet pepper.

Pepper Tomato, Jalapeno A jalapeno type pepper, this is a hot pepper not a sweet pepper.

Pepper Tomato, Hungarian Hot Wax yellow elongated shape, hot not sweet.

Pepper, Nomad elongated shape, sweet pepper, starts yellow ripens to red.

Pepper, Sweet Habanero The shape and taste of habanero without the heat

Pepper, Chili Long thin chili type pepper, red when ripe

Planting Instructions: Best started indoor in early March (6-8 weeks before last frost). Transplant outside mid to late May. Space transplants 12 inches apart, peppers don't usually need support from a cage or stake.

Harvest: harvest as fruits ripen, most fruits start out green, and are fully ripe when the color change.

Pumpkin: Long Pie: Long shape, small cavity, green with orange spot at harvest, perfect pie and such. **Planting Instructions: Direct seed** mid to late May or start indoors 4-6 weeks early. Winter squash need lots of room to spread. Best planted on the outer edge of the garden 18 inches apart, where they can spread freely. Small fruiting varieties can be grown up a trellis with a closer plant spacing.

Harvest Fruit will not ripen after harvest, leave as long as possible on the vine, usual harvest is near the end of the growing season but before frost, the skin should be hard, and the neck dry looking, don't carry by the handle, cure in a sheltered area with good airflow for a month before storing.

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Summer Squash Dark Green Zucchini This compact, bushy variety is very productive.

Summer Squash Raven Hybrid: This hybrid zucchini is dependable and productive.

Summer Squash Golden Marbre Scallopini Bush variety produces bright golden orange scalloped type fruit. Harvest when small. If left to fully ripen, use as a winter squash.

Planting Instructions: Direct seed mid to late May or start indoors early. The plants can get large, transplants should be 18 inches apart.

Harvest regularly to ensure maximum harvest.

NOTE: Cucumber beetles are a problem so protect your young plants by covering with fine netting to prevent the beetles reaching the young plants. Later in the season squash beetles can be a problem. Monitor plants and remove any leaves invested with bugs, eggs, or larva.

Sweet Potato, short season variety, needs warm soil, in cool seasons, cover soil around plants with black landscape fabric to increase heat.

Swiss Chard, Bright Lights: a colorful mixture of yellow, red, white, and pink stems tasty leaves.

Grown and used very much like Kale, but this plant is a close member of the beet family.

Planting Instructions: Direct seed early in spring, or late summer, or start indoors. Space plants 6-12 inches apart

Harvest by picking outer lower leaves, snap off leaf with its stem near the main stalk of the plant.

Tomato, Mountain Princess Appalachian heirloom, semi determinate plants, market sized fruits. (3 oz)

Tomato, Mount Roma Determinate plants, productive and early.

Tomato, Roma VF productive, determinate plant, 2 ½ inch heart shape paste type tomato.

Tomato, Red Heart productive, small plant with heart shaped tomatoes, good for containers.

Tomato, Golden Cherry productive, indeterminate, large cherry sized tomatoes.

Tomato, Worry productive, determinate, potato shaped leaves, large striped tomato.

Tomato, Sweet 100 productive, indeterminate, cherry type tomatoes easy to harvest.

Tomato, Fussy Peach productive, indeterminate, looks like a fussy peach.

Tomato, Andine indeterminate elongated shape, low acid, good for sauces.

Planting Instructions: Best started indoor in March (6-8 weeks before last frost). Transplant outside mid to late May. Most plants need a cage or stake. Remove majority of suckers and trim lower leaves as plants grow to maintain good circulation around the plants.

Harvest: harvest as fruits ripen, tomatoes will ripen after harvest as well.

Winter squash: Canada Crookneck Beige squash with a long neck, excellent taste, a traditional variety for this region. Suitable for 3 sisters planting.

Winter squash: Bonbon Buttercup, dark green with narrow grey stripes and slight mottling.

Winter squash: Early Butternut Hybrid Early butternut squash.

Winter squash: Zepplin Delicata Small fruit, cream color with green stripes, no need to peel, great taste.